Fractions and Radicals ^{1 of 10}

 $1. \frac{\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad 2. \frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{3}} \qquad 3. \sqrt{\frac{22}{4}} \qquad 4. \frac{\sqrt{21}}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \sqrt{5} \qquad 2 \qquad \frac{\sqrt{22}}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad \frac{\sqrt{42}}{\sqrt{2}}$ 5. $\frac{\sqrt[3]{125}}{\sqrt[3]{5}}$ 6. $\sqrt[3]{\frac{21}{2}}$ $\sqrt[3]{25}$ $\frac{\sqrt[3]{84}}{\sqrt[3]{25}}$

3.2 - Complex Numbers 2 of 10

Simplify

 $\frac{5-i}{2+3i} \cdot \frac{2-3i}{2-3i} = \frac{10-17i+3i^2}{4-9i^2} = \frac{7-17i}{13} = \frac{7}{13} - \frac{17}{13}i$

3.2 - Complex Numbers 3 of 10

Simplify

 $\frac{5-i}{2+3i} \cdot \frac{2-3i}{2-3i} = \frac{10-17i+3i^2}{4-9i^2} = \frac{7-17i}{13} = \frac{7}{13} - \frac{17}{13}i$

Practice



Chapter 3 Quadratic Equations and Complex Numbers

- 1. Solving Quadratic Equations
- 2. Complex Numbers
- 3. Completing the Square
- 4. Using the Quadratic Formula
- 5. Solving Nonlinear Systems
- 6. Quadratic Inequalities



Linear and Nonlinear Equations



4 of 10

No solution

One solution

Two solutions

Nonlinear Equations



No solution



One solution



Two solutions



 $x^{2} - y^{2} = 4$ x - 2y + 2 = 0





 $x^2 - y^2 = 6$ $x^2 + y^2 = 9$





Solve by substitution

 $x^{2} + 2x - y = 5$ 2x + y = 7 (-6, 19) (2, 3)



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 $\frac{2}{9}$

(0, 2)

7 of 10

Solve by elimination

$$2x^{2} + 4x - y = -2$$
$$x^{2} + y = 2$$
$$\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

Solve by substitution

$$x^2 + y^2 = 20$$
$$y = x + 2$$

(2, 4) (-4, -2) (-4, -2) (-4, -2) (-4, -3)

5

-4

-4

8 of 10

2

3

9 of 10

Solve by any method

$$y = (x + 4)(x - 1)$$

 $y = -x^{2} + 3x + 4$

(2, 6)(-2, -6)



10 of 10

Solve by any method

